- < Section I > 인간의 본질
- 1. 인간의 뇌와 신체의 감각
 - 2. 인간의 본성과 이성
- 3. 인간의 비이성적 특성

[1] Human Brain

[2019학년도 수능 34번]

The human species is unique in its ability to expand its functionality by inventing new cultural tools. Writing, arithmetic, science—all are recent inventions. Our brains did not have enough time to evolve for them, but I reason that they were made possible because ______.

When we learn to read, we recycle a specific region of our visual system known as the visual word-form area, enabling us to recognize strings of letters and connect them to language areas. Likewise, when we learn Arabic numerals we build a circuit to quickly convert those shapes into quantities—a fast connection from *bilateral visual areas to the *parietal quantity area. Even an invention as elementary as finger-counting changes our cognitive abilities dramatically. Amazonian people who have not invented counting are unable to make exact calculations as simple as, say, 6 - 2. This implies that the functional architecture of the human brain results from a complex mixture of biological and cultural *constraints. *bilateral 양측의 *parietal 정수리(부분)의 *constraint 제약

1. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점] 정답률 31%

- 1) our brains put a limit on cultural diversity
- (2) we can mobilize our old areas in novel ways
- 3 cultural tools stabilize our brain functionality
- ④ our brain regions operate in an isolated manner
- (5) we cannot adapt ourselves to natural challenges

2. 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- 1) What We Believe but Cannot Prove
- 2 Invention: a Core Factor of Innovations
- 3 Cultural Recycling Ability of the Human Brain
- (4) Why Best Decisions Balance Reason and Instinct
- **(5)** Spontaneous Activity and the Autonomy of Consciousness

인문학 영어 특강 [기출편] Section III [인간의 삶]

< Section III > 인간의 삶

1. 삶의 특성과 가치

2. 삶의 지혜와 통찰력

[13] Risk Portfolios

[2018년-7월-고3-전국연합 33번]

Risk portfolios explain why people often become original in one part of their lives _____. T. S. Eliot's landmark work, The Waste Land, has been hailed as one of the twentieth century's most significant poems. But after publishing it in 1922, Eliot kept his London bank job until 1925, rejecting the idea of embracing professional risk. As the novelist Aldous Huxley noted after paying him an office visit, Eliot was "the most bank-clerky of all bank clerks." When he finally did leave the position, Eliot still didn't strike out on his own. He spent the next forty years working for a publishing house to provide stability in his life, writing poetry on the side. As Polaroid founder Edwin Land remarked, "No person could possibly be original in one area unless he were possessed of the emotional and social stability that comes from fixed attitudes in all areas other than the one in which he is being original."

1. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점] 정답률 31%

- (1) so as to gain as much return as possible
- (2) while remaining quite conventional in others
- (3) at the cost of success in other areas of life
- (4) despite the loss of their emotional stability
- (5) when faced with a financial hardship

2. 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

 \rightarrow When we (A)_____ danger in one domain, we (B)_____ our overall level of risk by exercising caution in another domain. (A) **(B)**

- (1) confront
- raise (2) embrace offset
- ③ evade cancel
- (4) embrace
- inflate
- (5) evade balance

투자 용어로서의 포트폴리오는 미래의 불확실한 위험을 미리 분산하기 위해 금융자산 등 각종 자산들의 구성을 의미하다.

< Section V > 인간의 사상과 학문

1. 가치와 윤리

2. 사상과 철학

3. 학문과 지식

[23] A Cultural Typology of Economic Development

[2012년-4월-고3-전국연합 32번]

There are two categories of values: intrinsic and instrumental. Intrinsic values are those we uphold regardless of the benefits or costs. Patriotism, as a value, demands sacrifices and is sometimes $(\underline{)}$ <u>advantageous</u> as far as individual well-being is concerned. Nevertheless, hundreds of millions of people have died to $(\underline{)}$ <u>defend</u> their country throughout the course of history, because patriotism is an intrinsic value. In contrast, a value is instrumental when we support it because it is directly $(\underline{)}$ <u>beneficial</u> to us. Let us assume that a country is dedicated to economic growth and to this end emphasizes work, productivity, and investment. If decisions favorable to development only answer to an instrumental value of an economic nature, such as increased wealth, the country's effort will $(\underline{)}$ <u>decline</u> as soon as the degree of wealth is attained. That is why the intrinsic values are $(\underline{)}$ <u>indispensable</u> for sustained development.

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 틀린 것은? [3점] 정답률 29%

- 2. 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?
- \rightarrow The values for sustained development must be intrinsic and not instrumental, since instrumental values are by definition (A)_____: Only intrinsic values are (B)_____.
 - (A)

- (1) constant permanent

(B)

- (2) temporary exhaustible
- (3) constant superfluous
- (4) permanent dispensable
- 5 temporary inexhaustible

< Section VI > 인간과 예술

1. 예술이론과 비평

2. 예술 각론: 음악, 미술, 사진, 건축

3. 문학이론과 비평

4. 문학 각론: 소설, 시, 희곡, 연극, 영화

[35] The Expression Theory of Art

[2019년-9월-고3-모의평가 39번]

Representational theories of art treat the work of the artist as **akin** to that of the scientist. Both, so to speak, are involved in describing the external world. (①) But by the nineteenth century, any comparison between the scientist and the artist was bound to make the artist look like a poor relation in terms of making discoveries about the world or holding a mirror up to nature. (②) Here, science clearly had the edge. (③) The notion that art specialized in the expression of the emotions was particularly attractive in this light. (④) It *rendered unto science its own —the exploration of the objective world—while saving something comparably important for art to do—to explore the inner world of feeling. (⑤) If science held the mirror up to nature, art turned a mirror at the self and its experiences.

*vocation 소명 *stature 수준 *render 주다

- 1. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오. [3점] 정답률 30%
- \rightarrow So, there was a social pressure for art to come up with some *vocation that both distinguished it from science and, at the same time, made it equal in *stature to science.
- 2. 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?
- 1) The Changing Image of the Sciences
- **(2)** Expression of Emotions in Art and Science
- 3 Art Theory: From Representation to Expression
- ④ How to Explore Inner World of Art and Science
- **(5)** The Age of Science: Superiority of Science to Art

< Section IX > 정치와 경제

- 1. 정치의 개념과 권력
- 2. 경제의 개념과 원리
- 3. 경영과 마케팅, 광고
 - 4. 주요 경제 담론

[62] Political Structure and Political Flavor

[2012년-6월-고3-모의평가 28번]

Essentially the same structural forms of politics can nevertheless take on very different "flavors." For example, a dictatorship can, in theory, be brutal or benevolent; anarchy can, in theory, consist of "mutual aid" or a "war of all against all" that proceeds in the absence of any rule of law whatsoever; democracies can and typically are distinguished in terms of the extent to which they are socially oriented as opposed to individualistically oriented. Thus, whatever our answer to the "What is the best structural form of politics?" question, we still want to know what "flavor" this structural form of politics ought to have since ______. Indeed, this is precisely why we vote

within a democratic *structure*: to determine the "flavor" we want that democratic structure to have. Ideally, then, we want a truly General Ethics to provide an explicit answer to the question not only of the kind of political structure that we ought to *endorse but also of the kind of 'flavor' that that political structure ought to have.

*endorse 찬성하다

1. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점] 정답률 36%

- ① voters ultimately determine a political structure
- 2 political structures, in fact, outweigh political "flavors"
- ③ the best structural form of politics is not easy to determine
- ④ political structure, by itself, does not determine political content
- (5) each structural form of politics must be valued independently

2. 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- 1) What Is Our Obligation to Vote?
- 2 Why Is Political Ecosystem Valuable?
- **③** Why Is Political Structure So Important?
- (4) What Is the Best Political Flavor of Politics?
- **(5)** What Is the Best Structural Form of Politics?

< Section X > 과학과 기술

1. 과학과 기술

2. 현대 사회와 테크놀로지

[72] Philosophy of Science

[2020학년도 수능 31번]

The role of science can sometimes be overstated, with its advocates slipping into scientism. Scientism is the view that the scientific description of reality is the only truth there is. With the advance of science, there has been a tendency to slip into scientism, and assume that any factual claim can be authenticated if and only if the term 'scientific' can correctly be *ascribed to it. The consequence is that non-scientific approaches to reality—and that can include all the arts, religion, and personal, emotional and value-laden ways of encountering the world—may become labelled as merely subjective, and therefore of little ______ in terms of describing the way the world is. The philosophy of science seeks to avoid crude scientism and get a balanced view on what the scientific method can and cannot achieve.

*ascribe 속하는 것으로 생각하다 *crude 투박한

- 1. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? 정답률 36%
- ① question② account③ controversy④ variation⑤ bias
- 2. 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?
- 1) The Nature and Origins of Scientism
- (2) The Role of the Philosophy of Science
- **③** Recent Themes in the Philosophy of Science
- ④ Defense of Scientism: An Insider's View of Science
- (5) Scientism and Technocracy in the Contemporary World